### => d 18 1-8 abs,bib

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AB Polycryst. Si ingots for use in photoconversion technol. are obtained by melting Si in a SiO2 crucible, allowing the melt to cool and to crystallize, rotating the crucible for 180.degree. around a horizontal axis, and heating the crucible bottom to melt the film of Si adhering to the crucible and to detach the ingot by gravity.

AN 1982:184235 HCAPLUS

DN 96:184235

TI Method and apparatus for preparing a polycrystalline silicon ingot

IN Guenel, Claude; Fally, Jacques

PA Compagnie Generale d'Electricite S. A., Fr.

SO Fr. Demande, 15 pp. CODEN: FRXXBL

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
			<del>-</del>		
ΡI	FR 2477047	A1	19810904	FR 1980-4543	19800229
DDAT	ED 1000-4542		19800229		

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

A crucible 1 made of a C/C composite material for use in single crystal ABpulling, the crucible 1 having a lateral cylindrical portion 11 and a bottom portion 12 integrally formed as multiple layers wound by a filament winding method, in which the first layer 2 as the innermost crucible layer, among the multiple layers, is wound such that carbon fibers form tracks passing the polar point O at the bottom 12, the second layer 3 wound on the outer surface of the first layer 2 is wound along tracks to form a first outer circular bottom 8 that extends outwardly from about a middle part of a raised portion 6 where the carbon fibers of the first layer 2 are localized to the polar point O, and the third layer 4 and the succeeding layers wound on the outer surface of the second layer 3 are wound respectively along tracks to form outer circular bottoms that extend stepwise outwardly from about the middle parts of the outer surfaces of layers situated inside the respective layers, and the top for the raised portion of the first layer and the top for each of the outer circular bottoms at the bottom of the carbon fibers wound around as the multiple layers are at an substantially identical height, detachment and deformation of carbon fibers during use being suppressed by reducing the machining for the bottom of the crucible after molding.

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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
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AN 2002:327408 USPATFULL

TI Crucible made of carbon fiber-reinforced carbon composite material for single crystal pulling apparatus

IN Yamaji, Masatoshi, Mitoyo-gun, JAPAN Nishi, Hisanori, Mitoyo-gun, JAPAN Tomita, Yuji, Mitoyo-gun, JAPAN Bito, Shingo, Mitoyo-gun, JAPAN

Miyatani, Toshiyuki, Mitoyo-gun, JAPAN

PA Toyo Tanso Co., Ltd., Osaka-shi, JAPAN (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002185061 A1 20021212

AI US 2002-136531 A1 20020502 (10)

PRAI JP 2001-134762 20010502

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT PC, FOURTH FLOOR, 1755

JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, ARLINGTON, VA, 22202 Number of Claims: 3 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 678 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 3 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN L8 AB A crucible used in the growth of polycrystal silicon by a cast method comprises a crucible body for, when solid material silicon is melted, containing the melted material silicon, and a material holder provided on the crucible body, for holding further material silicon on the material silicon loaded into the crucible body. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. 2002:162309 USPATFULL ΤI Cruicible and growth method for polycrystal silicon Katoh, Nobuyuki, Yoshino-gun, JAPAN US 2002083886 PΙ A1 20020704 ΑI US 2001-994022 A1 20011127 (9) PRAI JP 2000-367779 20001201 DTUtility FS **APPLICATION** NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C., 8th Floor, 1100 Noth Glebe Road, Arlington, VA, LREP 22201-4714 Number of Claims: 9 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 350 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L8 ANSWER 4 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN AB A (111) cubic silicon carbide single-crystal layer is formed on a (111) silicon wafer, and then the silicon wafer is removed. Thus prepared (111) cubic silicon carbide single-crystal layer is disposed in a graphite crucible to function as a seed crystal. Silicon carbide source material powder is also held in the graphite crucible and sublimated in an atmosphere including inert gas, while controlling a temperature of the (111) cubic silicon carbide single-crystal layer to be lower than a temperature of the silicon carbide source material powder. As a result, a (0001) .alpha.-type silicon carbide single-crystal layer can be formed on the (111) cubic silicon carbide single-crystal layer with a large diameter and high quality at low cost. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. 2000:113308 USPATFULL AN ΤI Method of producing single-crystal silicon carbide IN Kito, Yasuo, Okazaki, Japan Kotanshi, Youichi, Okazaki, Japan Onda, Shoichi, Toyokawa, Japan Hanazawa, Tatuyuki, Okazaki, Japan Kitaoka, Eiji, Anjo, Japan PADenso Corporation, Kariya, Japan (non-U.S. corporation) PΙ US 6110279 20000829 ΑI US 1998-49979 19980330 (9) RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-826147, filed on 27 Mar 1997, now abandoned JP 1996-75775 PRAI 19960329 JP 1997-129875 19970520

JP 1997-163087

Utility

Granted

DT

FS

19970619

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Hiteshew, Felisa LREP Pillsbury, Madison & Sutro, LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 48 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 34 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1386

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AB In a method of producing single crystals on a seed crystal, the seed crystal is covered by a protection layer except for a surface on which the single crystals are to be formed. The protection layer is made of material such as carbon or the like, which is stable in a step of forming the single crystals. As a result, a temperature gradient and mass transfer in the seed crystal can be prevented, whereby quality of the single crystals formed on the seed crystal can be improved.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 1999:102280 USPATFULL

TI Method of producing single crystals and a seed crystal used in the

IN Kitou, Yasuo, Okazaki, Japan Sugiyama, Naohiro, Nagoya, Japan Okamoto, Atsuto, Nagoya, Japan Tani, Toshihiko, Nagoya, Japan Kamiya, Nobuo, Nisshin, Japan

PA Denso Corporation, Kariya, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5944890 19990831 AI US 1997-829449 19970328 (8)

PRAI JP 1996-75776 19960329 JP 1996-103581 19960329

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Hiteshew, Felisa

LREP Pillsbury Madison & Sutro LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 21 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 17 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 915

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

# L8 ANSWER 6 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

AB A silicon melting crucible having a double structure, in which a quartz crucible is inserted inside of a carbon crucible, is provided with devices for preventing deformation, such as turning-down, buckling and bending at an upper portion of the quartz crucible, or invasion of an SiO gas into a space between the quartz crucible and the carbon crucible during pulling up of a silicon single crystal. According to one form of the invention an upper portion of the quartz crucible has a frusto-conical inclined portion with an angle of inclination desirably of from 5.degree. to 40.degree. According to another form of the invention a carbon ring having a cross section of either L-shape or U-shape is applied to the upper portion of the quartz crucible and the carbon crucible.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 1999:75165 USPATFULL

TI Silicon melting crucible

IN Takemura, Kaoru, Amagasaki, Japan

PA Sumitomo Sitix Corporation, Amagasaki, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5919306 19990706 AI US 1997-963064 19971103 (8)

DT Utility

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Granted
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Hiteshew, Felisa
       Armstrong, Westerman, Hattori, McLeland & Naughton
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 15
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       7 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 424
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 7 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN
AΒ
       A single crystal pulling apparatus based on Czochralski technique having
       a conduit for continuously supplying granular polycrystal material to
       the crucible and a vertical purge tube suspended centrally into the
       heating chamber, wherein the purge tube is vertically shiftable; a heat
       shield ring is connected to the lower end of the purge tube, and a
       cylindrical quartz partition ring made of a quartz glass containing no
       bubbles is held vertically by the heat shield ring in a manner such that
       the lower end of the quartz partition ring comes substantially lower
       than the lower end of the purge tube so that, by being dipped in the
       polycrystal melt, the partition ring isolates the interior surface of
       the melt from the exterior surface of the melt, over which latter the
       granular polycrystal material is poured.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AN
       94:109958 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Single crystal pulling apparatus
IN
       Takano, Kiyotaka, Annaka, Japan
       Fusegawa, Izumi, Annaka, Japan
       Yamagishi, Hirotoshi, Annaka, Japan
       Shin-Etsu Handotai Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
PΑ
PΙ
       US 5373805
                               19941220
ΑI
       US 1992-961764
                               19921015 (7)
PRAI
       JP 1991-298028
                           19911017
       JP 1991-310106
                           19911030
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
      Primary Examiner: Breneman, R. Bruce; Assistant Examiner: Garrett,
EXNAM
       Felisa
LREP
       Whitham, Curtis, Whitham & McGinn
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 10
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 577
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 8 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN
       An improved liner for crucibles and dies used to melt silicon comprising
AB
       one or more sheets of graphite each of which has on at least the surface
       facing the silicon melt a layer of silicon nitride or silicon
       oxynitride.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AN
       82:52042 USPATFULL
TI
       Silicon melting crucible
IN
       Berkman, Samuel, Florham Park, NJ, United States
       Duffy, Michael T., Princeton Jct., NJ, United States
       Temple, Harold E., Trenton, NJ, United States
PA
       RCA Corporation, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 4356152
                               19821026
       US 1981-243441
ΑI
                               19810313 (6)
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
      Primary Examiner: Clements, Gregory N.
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LREP Morris, Birgit E., Swope, R. Hain
CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 333
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
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# => d his

(FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL, USPAT2, JAPIO, INSPEC' ENTERED AT 13:01:02 ON 17 SEP 2003)

#### DELETE HIS L1 166 S (CRUCIBLE) (8A) (DETACH?) L2 62600 S (POLYCRYSTAL?) (8A) (SI OR SILICON) L3 61255 S (CAST?) (8A) (METHOD?) L41756 S (CRUCIBLE#) (8A) (SILICA) L5 1921034 S (CARBON) L6 1 S L1 AND L2 AND L3 AND L4 AND L5 **L**7 1 S L1 AND L2 AND L3 8 S L1 AND L2 L8

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#### => d his

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(FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL, USPAT2, JAPIO, INSPEC' ENTERED AT 13:01:02 ON 17 SEP 2003) DELETE HIS L1166 S (CRUCIBLE) (8A) (DETACH?) L2 62600 S (POLYCRYSTAL?) (8A) (SI OR SILICON) L3 61255 S (CAST?) (8A) (METHOD?) L41756 S (CRUCIBLE#) (8A) (SILICA) L5 1921034 S (CARBON) => s 11 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 15 1 L1 AND L2 AND L3 AND L4 AND L5 => d 16 abs, bib ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN L6 AB A crucible used in the growth of polycrystal silicon by a cast method comprises a crucible body for, when solid material silicon is melted, containing the melted material silicon, and a material holder provided on the crucible body, for holding further material silicon on the material silicon loaded into the crucible body. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. 2002:162309 USPATFULL ANΤI Cruicible and growth method for polycrystal silicon using same Katoh, Nobuyuki, Yoshino-gun, JAPAN IN PΙ US 2002083886 A1 20020704 ΑI US 2001-994022 A1 20011127 (9) PRAI JP 2000-367779 20001201 DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C., 8th Floor, 1100 Noth Glebe Road, Arlington, VA, 22201-4714 CLMN Number of Claims: 9 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 350 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.